

Interventions – reinforcement



TIMBER HUB

- Connection loaded perpendicular to grain



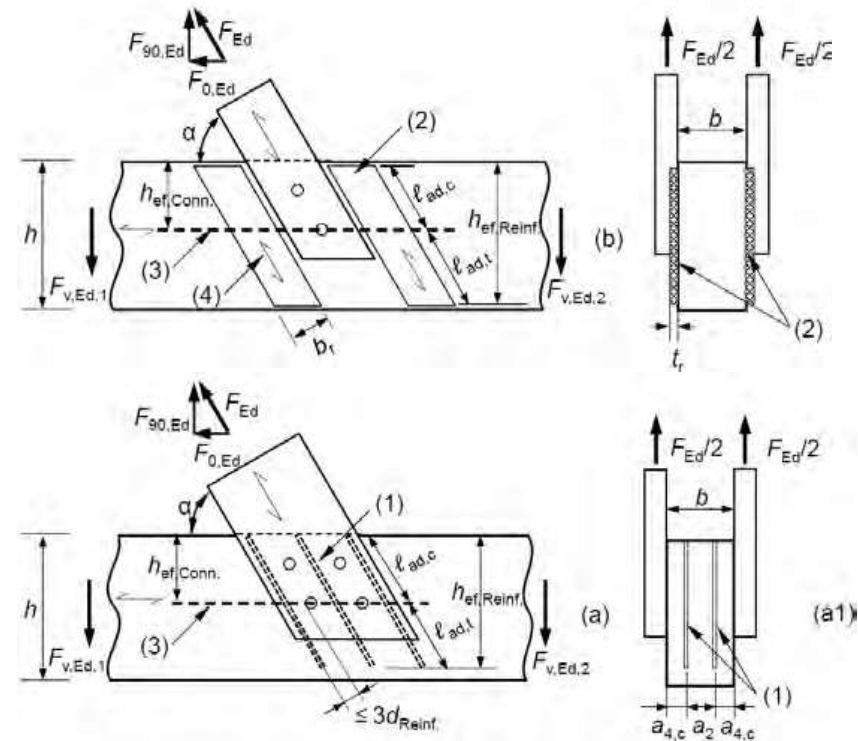
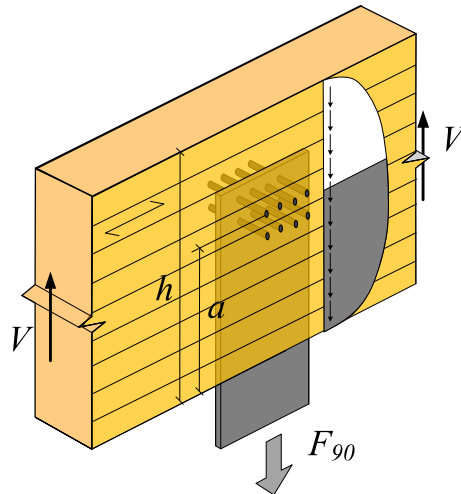
Interventions – reinforcement



TIMBER HUB

- Connection loaded perpendicular to grain
 - Force on reinforcement:

$$F_{t,90,Ed} = [1 - 3\alpha^2 + 2\alpha^3]F_{90,Ed}$$



Interventions – reinforcement



TIMBER HUB

- Curved and cambered beams



Interventions – reinforcement

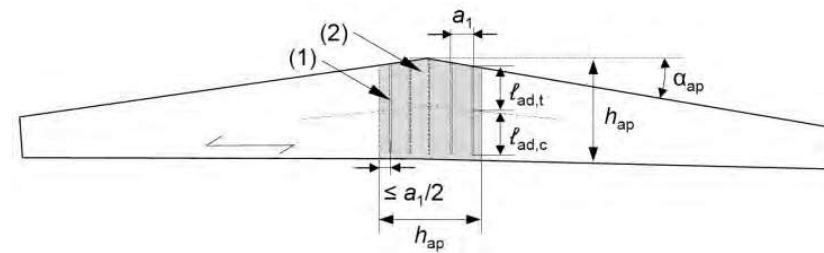


TIMBER HUB

- Curved and cambered beams
 - Force on reinforcement:

$$F_{t,90,Ed} = k_{ka} \cdot \sigma_{t,90,d} \cdot b \cdot a_1$$

- Where:
 - $k_{ka} = 1.0$ for curved beams & in inner quarters
 - $k_{ka} = 0.67$ in outer quarters

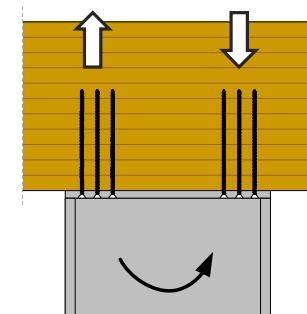
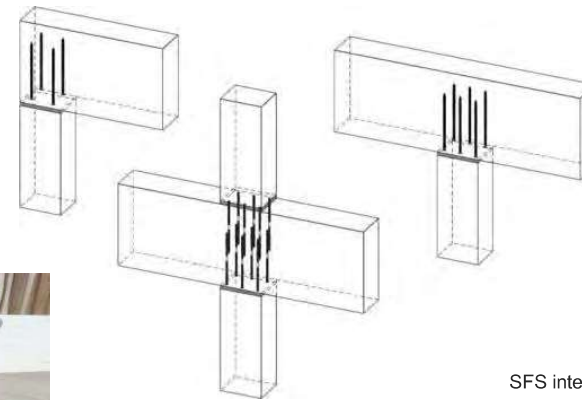


Interventions – reinforcement



TIMBER HUB

- Compression reinforcement perp. to grain
 - Bonded-in rods
 - Screws



Interventions – reinforcement

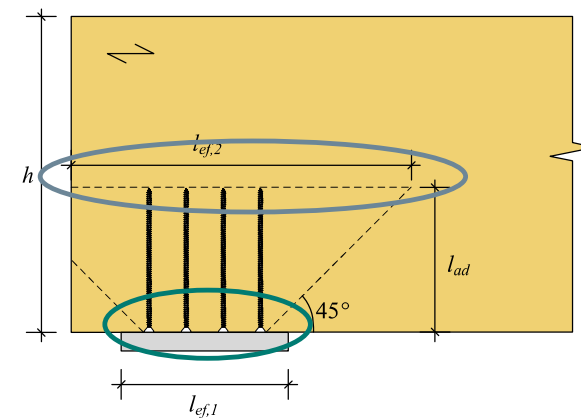


TIMBER HUB

- Compression reinforcement perp. to grain

- For reinforcement by means of self-tapping fully threaded screws with:

- an even distribution of screws in the reinforced contact area;
 - an angel between screw axis and grain direction
 - screws perpendicular to the contact surface
 - screw heads flush with the contact surface



- the characteristic value of the resistance of a reinforced contact area should be taken as (Bejtka & Blaß 2006)

$$F_{90,Rk} = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} k_{c,90} b l_{ef,1} f_{c,90,k} + n \min \{ F_{ax,\alpha,Rk}; F_{ki,Rk} \} \\ b l_{ef,2} f_{c,90,k} \end{array} \right.$$